# Tibet House, Inc.

Independent Auditor's Report and Financial Statements

December 31, 2019 and 2018



# **Tibet House, Inc.** December 31, 2019 and 2018

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### **Independent Auditor's Report**

Board of Directors Tibet House, Inc. New York, New York

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Tibet House, Inc., which comprise the balance sheets as of December 31, 2019 and 2018, and the related statements of activities, functional expenses and cash flows for the years then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.



Board of Directors Tibet House, Inc. Page 2

### Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Tibet House, Inc. as of December 31, 2019 and 2018, and the changes in its net assets and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

BKD,LLP

New York, New York January 7, 2022

# **Tibet House, Inc.** Balance Sheets December 31, 2019 and 2018

	2019	2018
Assets		
Current Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,169,036	\$ 1,310,501
Investments	735,131	606,175
Contributions receivable - current (net of allowance		
for doubtful accounts of \$13,000 in 2019)	205,612	161,243
Inventory	269,793	262,220
Prepaid expenses and other assets	70,753	59,817
Total current assets	2,450,325	2,399,956
Property and equipment, net	4,201,160	4,107,052
Total assets	\$ 6,651,485	\$ 6,507,008
Liabilities and Net Assets		
Current Liabilities		
Accounts payable	\$ 82,994	\$ 27,953
Deferred revenue	260,667	150,187
Mortgage payable	11,526	10,379
Total current liabilities	355,187	188,519
Mortgage payable	13,129	25,850
Total liabilities	368,316	214,369
Net Assets		
Without donor restrictions	6,234,182	6,263,358
With donor restrictions	48,987	29,281
Total net assets	6,283,169	6,292,639
Total liabilities and net assets	\$ 6,651,485	\$ 6,507,008

# **Tibet House, Inc.** Statements of Activities Years Ended December 31, 2019 and 2018

		20	19			2018			
		Without Donor Restrictions	With Donor Restrictions	Total		Without Donor Restrictions	With Donor Restrictions	Total	
Revenues									
Program income		\$ 1,505,970	\$-	\$ 1,505,970		\$ 916,745	\$-	\$ 916,745	
Membership fees		57,554	-	57,554		95,046	-	95,046	
Store sales	\$ 152,124				\$ 113,760				
Cost of sales	(77,845)	_			(59,365)	_			
		74,279	-	74,279		54,395	-	54,395	
Rental income		1,026,803	-	1,026,803		1,025,231	-	1,025,231	
Contributions		225,357	22,500	247,857		222,889	22,500	245,389	
Investment income (loss)		129,384	-	129,384		(53,417)	-	(53,417)	
Special events	527,163				658,707				
Less: direct costs of special									
events	(190,525)		-	336,638	(213,808)	444,899	-	444,899	
Miscellaneous		7,992	-	7,992		10,642	-	10,642	
Net assets released from									
restrictions		2,794	(2,794)			6,014	(6,014)		
Total revenues		3,366,771	19,706	3,386,477		2,722,444	16,486	2,738,930	
Expenses									
Program services									
Cultural awareness		2,902,979		2,902,979		2,599,010		2,599,010	
Supporting Services									
Management and general		231,424	-	231,424		210,626	-	210,626	
Fundraising		261,544		261,544		267,136		267,136	
Total supporting services		492,968		492,968		477,762		477,762	
Total expenses		3,395,947		3,395,947		3,076,772		3,076,772	
Change in Net Assets		(29,176)	19,706	(9,470)		(354,328)	16,486	(337,842)	
Net Assets, Beginning of Year		6,263,358	29,281	6,292,639		6,617,686	12,795	6,630,481	
Net Assets, End of Year		\$ 6,234,182	\$ 48,987	\$ 6,283,169		\$ 6,263,358	\$ 29,281	\$ 6,292,639	
·									

# **Tibet House, Inc.** Statements of Functional Expenses Years Ended December 31, 2019 and 2018

	2019				2018					
	Program	Supporting	g Services			Program	Supportin	g Services		
	Services	Management		Direct Costs		Services	Management		Direct Costs	
	Cultural	and		of Special		Cultural	and		of Special	
	Awareness	General	Fundraising	Events	Total	Awareness	General	Fundraising	Events	Total
Salaries	\$ 1,098,413	\$ 26,075	\$ 78,012	\$-	\$ 1,202,500	\$ 935,992	\$ 23,201	\$ 61,050	\$ -	\$ 1,020,243
Payroll taxes and benefits	139,553	2,947	8,818	-	151,318	112,770	2,723	7,165	-	122,658
-		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					· · · · · ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
	1,237,966	29,022	86,830	-	1,353,818	1,048,762	25,924	68,215	-	1,142,901
Occupancy	163,924	2,533	6,876	-	173,333	146,693	2,369	6,430	-	155,492
Supplies and equipment	426,521	3,513	10,444	-	440,478	432,330	3,190	10,960	-	446,480
Repairs and maintenance	15,687	-	-	-	15,687	14,113			-	14,113
Postage and shipping	19,126	436	2,017	-	21,579	25,863	486	4,734	-	31,083
Printing	20,609	884	3,717	-	25,210	26,006	1,984	11,946	-	39,936
Professional fees	374,035	49,658	109,992	-	533,685	312,134	31,961	128,814	-	472,909
Insurance	68,743	3,389	9,198	-	81,330	74,899	4,975	13,502	-	93,376
Advertising	66,138	307	834	-	67,279	104,521	837	2,441	-	107,799
Travel	54,869	373	7,726	-	62,968	19,749	414	1,542	-	21,705
Bank, credit card and other fees	-	132,691	-	-	132,691	-	127,995	-	-	127,995
Depreciation	200,956	2,117	5,745	-	208,818	194,357	2,128	5,775	-	202,260
Grants and donations	16,178	-	-	-	16,178	46,035	-	-	-	46,035
Facility maintenance	58,554	4,875	17,911	-	81,340	48,934	3,003	12,589	-	64,526
Event space rental and refreshments	-	-	-	190,525	190,525	-	-	-	213,808	213,808
Honorarium	253,211	-	-	-	253,211	101,906	-	-	-	101,906
Interest	-	1,626	-	-	1,626	-	2,217	-	-	2,217
Cost of sales	-	-	-	-	-	59,365	-	-	-	59,365
Miscellaneous	4,307		254		4,561	2,708	3,143	188		6,039
Total expenses	2,980,824	231,424	261,544	190,525	3,664,317	2,658,375	210,626	267,136	213,808	3,349,945
Less expenses deducted directly										
from revenues on the statements										
of activities										
Cost of sales	(77,845)	-	-	-	(77,845)	(59,365)	-	-	-	(59,365)
Direct costs of special events				(190,525)	(190,525)				(213,808)	(213,808)
Total expenses reported by										
function on the statements										
of activities	\$ 2,902,979	\$ 231,424	\$ 261,544	\$ -	\$ 3,395,947	\$ 2,599,010	\$ 210,626	\$ 267,136	\$ -	\$ 3,076,772

# **Tibet House, Inc.** Statements of Cash Flows Years Ended December 31, 2019 and 2018

	 2019	2018		
Operating Activities				
Change in net assets	\$ (9,470)	\$	(337,842)	
Items not requiring (providing) operating activities cash flows				
Depreciation	208,818		202,260	
Net realized and unrealized (gains) losses on investments	(107,120)		72,235	
Changes in				
Contributions receivable	(44,369)		(7,844)	
Inventory	(7,573)		(30,516)	
Prepaid expenses and other assets	(10,936)		(26,739)	
Accounts payable	55,041		(67,699)	
Deferred revenue	 110,480		58,190	
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	 194,871		(137,955)	
Investing Activities				
Purchases of property and equipment	(302,926)		(129,039)	
Purchases of investments	(160,519)		(570,033)	
Proceeds from sales of investments	 138,683		549,418	
Net cash used in investing activities	 (324,762)		(149,654)	
Financing Activities				
Repayment of mortgage payable	 (11,574)		(10,983)	
Net cash used in financing activities	 (11,574)		(10,983)	
Net Change in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(141,465)		(298,592)	
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year	 1,310,501		1,609,093	
Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year	\$ 1,169,036	\$	1,310,501	
Supplemental Cash Flows Information Cash paid during the year for interest	\$ 1,626	\$	2,217	

### Note 1: Nature of Operations and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

#### Nature of Operations

Tibet House, Inc. is a not-for-profit organization whose purpose is to foster cultural exchange between Tibet and the western hemisphere, to promote awareness of Tibet and the Tibetan political, social, economic and cultural structure, and to provide charitable assistance to the Tibetan people. Tibet House, Inc. is exempt from federal income tax under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code. Tibet House, Inc. is funded primarily by program income, rental income, contributions and special events.

#### Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, gains, losses and other changes in net assets during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### Cash Equivalents

Tibet House, Inc. considers all liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less to be cash equivalents. At December 31, 2019 and 2018, cash equivalents consisted primarily of money market accounts.

At December 31, 2019, Tibet House, Inc.'s cash accounts exceeded federally insured limits by approximately \$688,000.

#### Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable are primarily for rental of space and are recorded at net realizable value. Interest is not charged on outstanding receivables.

#### Allowance for Doubtful Accounts

Management determines whether an allowance for uncollectibles should be provided for accounts and contributions receivable. Such estimates are based on management's assessment of the aged basis of its accounts and contributions receivable, current economic conditions, subsequent receipts and historical information. Management has determined that an allowance for doubtful accounts is not required.

#### Inventory

Inventories consist of books and other cultural items held for resale. Costs of books and cultural items are determined using the first-in, first out (FIFO) method. FIFO inventories are stated at the lower of cost or net realizable value.

#### Investments and Net Investment Return

Investments in equity securities having a readily determinable fair value and in all debt securities are carried at fair value. Other investments are valued at the lower of cost (or fair value at time of donation, if acquired by contribution) or fair value. Investment return includes dividend, interest and other investment income; realized and unrealized gains and losses on investments carried at fair value; and realized gains and losses on other investments, less external investment expenses.

Investment return is reflected in the statements of activities as with or without donor restrictions based upon the existence and nature of any donor or legally imposed restrictions.

#### **Property and Equipment**

Property and equipment acquisitions over \$1,000 are stated at cost, less accumulated depreciation and amortization. Depreciation and amortization is charged to expense on the straight-line basis over the estimated useful life of each asset. Assets under capital lease obligations and leasehold improvements are amortized over the shorter of the lease term or respective estimated useful lives.

The estimated useful lives for each major depreciable classification of property and equipment are as follows:

Building and improvements	28 - 40 years
Furniture and equipment	5 - 7 years

#### Long-Lived Asset Impairment

Tibet House, Inc. evaluates the recoverability of the carrying value of long-lived assets whenever events or circumstances indicate the carrying amount may not be recoverable. If a long-lived asset is tested for recoverability and the undiscounted estimated future cash flows expected to result from the use and eventual disposition of the asset is less than the carrying amount of the asset, the asset cost is adjusted to fair value and an impairment loss is recognized as the amount by which the carrying amount of a long-lived asset exceeds its fair value. No asset impairment was recognized during the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018.

#### **Deferred Revenue**

Revenue from fees for facility rentals and program events is deferred and recognized over the periods to which the fees relate.

#### Net Assets

Net assets, revenues, gains and losses are classified based on the existence or absence of donor restrictions.

Net assets without donor restrictions are available for use in general operations and not subject to donor restrictions.

Net assets with donor restrictions are subject to donor restrictions. Some restrictions are temporary in nature, such as those that will be met by the passage of time or other events specified by the donor. Other restrictions are perpetual in nature, where the donor stipulates that resources be maintained in perpetuity.

#### **Program Income**

The Tibet House, Inc. program income includes retreats and workshops sponsored by Tibet House, Inc. and other like-minded entities in Menla Mountain Retreat Center, various publications and inhouse programs teaching about the Dalai Lama, meditation, yoga, Zen and other spiritual ideas. Program revenue is recognized at the time the program is held.

#### **Rental Income**

Tibet House, Inc. recognizes rental income once the space has been utilized under a signed contract agreement.

#### **Membership Fees**

Tibet House, Inc. records membership fees when they are earned. Any payments received in advance that cover the subsequent period are recorded as deferred revenue.

#### Contributions

Contributions are provided to the Tibet House, Inc. either with or without restrictions placed on the gift by the donor. Revenues and net assets are separately reported to reflect the nature of those gifts – with or without donor restrictions. The value recorded for each contribution is recognized as follows:

Nature of the Gift	Value Recognized
Conditional gifts, with or without restriction	
Gifts that depend on Tibet House, Inc. overcoming a donor-imposed barrier to be entitled to the funds	Not recognized until the gift becomes unconditional, <i>i.e.</i> , the donor-imposed barrier is met
Unconditional gifts, with or without restriction	
Received at date of gift – cash and other assets	Fair value
Received at date of gift – property, equipment and long-lived assets	Estimated fair value
Expected to be collected within one year	Net realizable value
Collected in future years	Initially reported at fair value determined using the discounted present value of estimated future cash flows technique

In addition to the amount initially recognized, revenue for unconditional gifts to be collected in future years is also recognized each year as the present-value discount is amortized using the level-yield method.

When a donor-stipulated time restriction ends or purpose restriction is accomplished, net assets with donor restrictions are reclassified to net assets without donor restrictions and reported in the statements of activities as net assets released from restrictions. Absent explicit donor stipulations for the period of time that long-lived assets must be held, expirations of restrictions for gifts of land, buildings, equipment and other long-lived assets are reported when those assets are placed in service.

Gifts and investment income that are originally restricted by the donor and for which the restriction is met in the same time period the gift is received are recorded as revenue with donor restrictions and then released from restriction.

Conditional contributions and investment income having donor stipulations which are satisfied in the period the gift is received and the investment income is earned are recorded as revenue without donor restrictions.

#### Income Taxes

Tibet House, Inc. is exempt from income taxes under Section 501 of the Internal Revenue Code and a similar provision of state law. However, Tibet House, Inc. is subject to federal income tax on any unrelated business taxable income.

Tibet House, Inc. files tax returns in the U.S. federal jurisdiction.

#### Functional Allocation of Expenses

The costs of supporting the various programs and other activities have been summarized on a functional basis in the statements of activities. The statements of functional expenses present the natural classification detail of expenses by function. Certain costs have been allocated among the program, management and general and fundraising categories based on salaries and other methods.

#### Subsequent Events

Subsequent events have been evaluated through January 7, 2022, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

As a result of the spread of the SARS-CoV-2 virus and the incidence of COVID-19, economic uncertainties have arisen which may negatively affect the financial position, results of operations and cash flows of Tibet House, Inc. The duration of these uncertainties and the ultimate financial effects cannot be reasonably estimated at this time.

On March 27, 2020, the *Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act* was signed into law. During May 2020, Tibet House, Inc. received a loan of \$253,000 pursuant to the Paycheck Protection Program. The loan is due two years from the date of the first disbursement under the loan and has a fixed rate of 1 percent per year. The loan was forgiven on September 22, 2021.

On March 14, 2021, Tibet House, Inc. received a second loan of \$349,283 pursuant to the "second draw" form the *2021 Consolidated Appropriations Act* (PPP-2 or Second Draw.) PPP 2 was due five years from the date of the first disbursement under the loan and has a fixed interest rate of 1 percent per year.

Additionally, Tibet House, Inc. received an Economic Injury Disaster Loan of \$150,000 during June 2020. The loan was payable in monthly payments of \$641 starting 12 months from the date of the promissory note, with the remaining balance due 30 years from the date of the promissory note. The loan had a fixed interest rate of 2.75 percent. The loan was repaid on October 1, 2020.

On November 6, 2020, entered into a mortgage agreement of \$324,000 for real property of the location 48 North West Road, Phoenicia, NY with a maturity date of December 1, 2040. The mortgage agreement has a variable interest rate.

On July 16, 2020, Tibet House Inc. received an interest free loan of \$100,000. The repayment terms are still being determined.

#### **Change in Accounting Principles**

In 2019, Tibet House, Inc. adopted the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Accounting Standards Update (ASU) No. 2018-08, *Clarifying the Scope and the Accounting Guidance for Contributions Received and Contributions Made*, which clarifies existing guidance on determining whether a transaction with a resource provider, *e.g.*, the receipt of funds under a government grant or contract, is a contribution or an exchange transaction.

As a result of adopting ASU 2018-08, there was no change in timing of recognition of grants and contributions. The adoption had no impact on beginning net assets for the year ended December 31, 2019.

### Note 2: Disclosures About Fair Value of Assets and Liabilities

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Fair value measurements must maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs. The hierarchy comprises three levels of inputs that may be used to measure fair value:

- Level 1 Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
- Level 2 Observable inputs other than Level 1 prices, such as quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities, quoted prices in markets that are not active, or other inputs that are observable or can be corroborated by observable market data for substantially the full term of the assets or liabilities
- **Level 3** Unobservable inputs supported by little or no market activity and that are significant to the fair value of the assets or liabilities

#### **Recurring Measurements**

The following table presents the fair value measurements of assets and liabilities recognized in the accompanying balance sheets measured at fair value on a recurring basis and the level within the fair value hierarchy in which the fair value measurements fall at December 31, 2019 and 2018:

2019 Asset Class	Total Fair Value	Mea Quo in M Iden	air Value Isurements Using Died Prices n Active arkets for tical Assets Level 1)
Investments Mutual funds - domestic bond funds Common stocks - domestic equities Corporate bonds Other Total investments reported on the fair value hierarchy at fair value	\$ 62,764 526,535 91,790 33,872 714,961	\$	62,764 526,535 91,790 33,872 714,961
Money market funds Total investments	 20,170 735,131		
2018 Asset Class	Total Fair Value	Mea Quo in M Iden	air Value Isurements Using oted Prices n Active arkets for Itical Assets Level 1)
Investments Mutual funds - domestic bond funds Common stocks - domestic equities Corporate bonds	\$ 95,893 409,639 90,553	\$	95,893 409,639 90,553
Total investments reported on the fair value hierarchy at fair value	596,085	\$	596,08
Money market funds	 10,090		
Total investments	\$ 606,175		

The following is a description of the valuation methodologies and inputs used for assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis and recognized in the accompanying balance sheets. There have been no significant changes in the valuation techniques during the year ended December 31, 2019.

#### Investments

Where quoted market prices are available in an active market, securities are classified within Level 1 of the valuation hierarchy. If quoted market prices are not available, then fair values are estimated by using quoted prices of securities with similar characteristics or independent asset pricing services and pricing models, the inputs of which are market-based or independently sourced market parameters, including, but not limited to, yield curves, interest rates, volatilities, prepayments, defaults, cumulative loss projections and cash flows. Such securities are classified in Level 2 of the valuation hierarchy.

### Note 3: Property and Equipment

Property and equipment at December 31, 2019 and 2018 consists of:

	2019	2018
Land	\$ 466,719	\$ 466,719
Building and improvements	5,956,812	5,814,869
Furniture and equipment	485,528	324,545
Less accumulated depreciation and amortization	6,909,059 (2,707,899) \$ 4,201,160	6,606,133 (2,499,081) \$ 4,107,052

#### Note 4: Net Assets

#### Net Assets With Donor Restrictions

Net assets with donor restrictions at December 31, 2019 and 2018 are restricted for the following purposes or periods:

	 2019	2018
Subject to expenditure for specified purpose Publication	\$ 48,987	\$ 29,281

#### Net Assets Released from Restrictions

Net assets were released from donor restrictions by incurring expenses satisfying the restricted purposes or by occurrence of other events specified by donors.

	 2019	2018
Satisfaction of purpose restrictions		
Publication	\$ 2,794	\$ 6,014

### Note 5: Mortgage Payable

Tibet House, Inc. has a mortgage in which the principal is currently payable in 120 equal monthly installments of \$1,062 through May 2022, which include interest at 5.25 percent per annum. The mortgage balance as of December 31, 2019 and 2018 is \$24,655 and \$36,229, respectively. The mortgage is collateralized by property in upstate New York.

Required payments are as follows:

	P	Principal		terest	Total		
2020	\$	11,526	\$	1,221	\$ 12,747		
2021		12,146		601	12,747		
2022		983		60	 1,043		
Total	\$	24,655	\$	1,882	\$ 26,537		

Interest expense was \$1,626 and \$2,217 in 2019 and 2018, respectively.

### Note 6: Liquidity and Availability

Financial assets available for general expenditure, that is, without donor or other restrictions limiting their use, within one year of December 31, 2019 and 2018, comprise the following:

	2019	2018
Financial assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,169,036	\$ 1,310,501
Investments	735,131	606,175
Contributions receivable	205,612	161,243
Total financial assets	2,109,779	2,077,919
Donor-imposed restrictions		
Restricted funds	(48,987)	(29,281)
Financial assets available to meet cash needs for general expenditures within one year	\$ 2,060,792	\$ 2,048,638

Tibet House, Inc. manages its liquidity and reserves following three guiding principles: operating within a prudent range of financial soundness and stability, maintaining adequate liquid assets to fund near-term operating needs and maintaining sufficient reserves to provide reasonable assurance that long-term obligations will be discharged. Tibet House, Inc. has a policy to structure its financial assets to be available as its general expenditures, liabilities and other obligations come due. During the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018, the level of liquidity and reserves was managed within the policy requirements.

### Note 7: Gain Contingency

There was an online art auction which took place during the year ended December 31, 2011 whereby Tibet House, Inc. was to receive a percentage of sales. Management of Tibet House, Inc. believes it did not receive its entitlement. Management has taken various steps to receive payment, but in the interim the person that held the funds died. A claim has been made against the estate. At this point, it is not possible to determine the amount of funds to be received, if any, and it has not been recorded in these financial statements.

### Note 8: Future Changes in Accounting Principles

#### **Revenue Recognition**

The Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) amended its standards related to revenue recognition. This amendment replaces all existing revenue recognition guidance and provides a single, comprehensive revenue recognition model for all contracts with customers. The guidance provides a five-step analysis of transactions to determine when and how revenue is recognized. Other major provisions include capitalization of certain contract costs, consideration of the time value of money in the transaction price and allowing estimates of variable consideration to be recognized before contingencies are resolved in certain circumstances. The amendment also requires additional disclosure about the nature, amount, timing and uncertainty of revenue and cash flows arising from customer contracts, including significant judgments and changes in those judgments and assets recognized from costs incurred to fulfill a contract. Based on issuance of ASU 2020-05, the standard allows either full or modified retrospective adoption effective for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2021, and any interim periods within annual reporting periods that begin after December 15, 2022. Tibet House, Inc. intends to begin the process of evaluating the impact the amendment will have on the financial statements.